A. General Information

Α0	Respondent Information (Not for Publication)					
A0	Name:	Deborah Lee				
A0	Title:	Institutional Research Analyst				
A0	Office:	Office of Institutional Research				
A0	Mailing Address:	1530 Concordia West				
A0	City/State/Zip/Country:	Irvine, CA 92612, USA				
A0	Phone:	1-949-214-3433				
A0	Fax:	949-214-3433				
A0	E-mail Address:	deborah.lee@cui.edu				
A0	Are your responses to the CDS posted for r	eference on your institution's Web site?	Yes	No		
ΔΩ	If yes, please provide the LIRL of the corres	nonding Web page.				

\0 If yes, please provide the URL of the corresponding Web page:

A1 Address Information

https://www.cui.edu/studentlife/registrar/index.aspx?id= 18675

A0A We invite you to indicate if there are items on the CDS for which you cannot use the requested analytic convention, cannot provide data for the cohort requested, whose methodology is unclear, or about which you have questions or comments in general. This information will not be published but will help the publishers further refine CDS items.

A 1	Name of College/University:	Concordia University
A1	Mailing Address:	1530 Concordia West
A1	City/State/Zip/Country:	Irvine, CA, 92612, USA
A1	Street Address (if different):	
A1	City/State/Zip/Country:	
A1	Main Phone Number:	949-854-8002
A1	WWW Home Page Address:	www.cui.edu
A1	Admissions Phone Number:	949-214-3010
A 1	Admissions Toll-Free Phone Number:	800-229-1200 extension 3010
A1	Admissions Office Mailing Address:	1530 Concordia West
A 1	City/State/Zip/Country:	Irvine, CA, 92612, USA
A1	Admissions Fax Number:	949-214-3520
A 1	Admissions E-mail Address:	admission@cui.edu
A1	If there is a separate URL for your scho	pol's online application, please specify:
		www.cui.edu/admissions/undergraduate/apply.aspx
A 1	If you have a mailing address other that	in the above to which applications should be sent, please provide:
A2	Source of institutional control (Chec	k only one):
A2	Public	
A2	Private (nonprofit)	х
A2	Proprietary	
A3	Classify your undergraduate institut	ion:
A3	Coeducational college	Х
A3	Men's college	
A3	Women's college	
	-	
A4	Academic year calendar:	
A4	Semester	X
A4	Quarter	
A4	Trimester	
A4	4-1-4	
A4	Continuous	
A4	Differs by program (describe):	
A4	Other (describe):	
A5	Degrees offered by your institution:	
A5	Certificate	
A5	Diploma	

CDS-A Page 1

Common Data Set 2012-2013

Α5	Associate	X	
A5	Transfer Associate		
A5	Terminal Associate		
A5	Bachelor's	x	
A5	Postbachelor's certificate		
A5	Master's	x	
A5	Post-master's certificate		
A5	Doctoral degree research/scholarship		
A =			
A5	Doctoral degree – professional practice		
A5	Doctoral degree other		

CDS-A Page 2

B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE

Institutional Enrollment - Men and Women Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2012. Note: Report students formerly designated as "first professional" in the graduate cells.

B1		FULL-TII	ME	PART-TI	ME
B1		Men	Women	Men	Women
B1	Undergraduates				
B1	Degree-seeking, first-time freshmen	85	215	0	1
B1	Other first-year, degree-seeking	36	40	6	55
B1	All other degree-seeking	497	719	30	45
B1	Total degree-seeking	618	974	36	101
B1	All other undergraduates enrolled in credit				
	courses	0	0	3	6
B1	Total undergraduates	618	974	39	107
B1	Graduate				
B1	Degree-seeking, first-time	235	321	63	49
B1	All other degree-seeking	299	395	223	127
B1	All other graduates enrolled in credit				
	courses	9	24	8	28
B1	Total graduate	543	740	294	204
B1	Total all undergraduates				1,738
B1	Total all graduate				1,781
B1	GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS				3,519

Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2012. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns. Report as your institution reports to IPEDS: persons who are Hispanic should be reported only on the Hispanic line, not under any race, and persons who are non-Hispanic multi-racial should be reported only under "Two or more races."

B2		Degree-Seeking First-Time First Year	Degree-Seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non- degree-seeking)	
B2	Nonresident aliens	6	46	46	
B2	Hispanic	68	327	328	
B2	Black or African American, non-Hispanic	10	61	61	
B2	White, non-Hispanic	163	1,008	1,013	
B2	American Indian or Alaska Native, non-Hispanic	2	8	8	
B2	Asian, non-Hispanic	18	105	106	
B2	Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, non-Hispanic	0	6	6	
B2	Two or more races, non-Hispanic	17	78	78	
B2	Race and/or ethnicity unknown	17	90	92	
B2	TOTAL	301	1,729	1,738	

Graduation Rates

CDS-B Page 3

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary on the 2012 Web-based survey.

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the Fall 2006 cohort if available. If Fall 2006 cohort data are

Fall 2006 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2006. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding Fall 2006.

B4	Initial 2006 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students:	247
B5	Of the initial 2006 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	0
В6	Final 2006 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (subtract question B5 from question B4)	247
В7	Of the initial 2006 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2010):	113
В8	Of the initial 2006 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2010 and by August 31, 2011):	11
В9	Of the initial 2006 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2011 and by August 31, 2012):	4
B10	Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):	128
B11	Six-year graduation rate for 2006 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):	52%

Fall 2005 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in

- B4 Initial 2005 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students:
- B5 Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:

B6	Final 2005 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (subtract question B5 from question B4)				
		275			
B7	Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2009):	124			
B8	Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or				
	less (after August 31, 2009 and by August 31, 2010):	13			
В9	Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or	3			
B10	Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):	140			
B11					

For Two-Year Institutions

Please provide data for the 2009 cohort if available. If 2009 cohort data are not available, provide data for the 2008 cohort.

2009 Cohort

- B12 Initial 2009 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:
- B13 Of the initial 2009 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:
- B14 Final 2009 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions (Subtract question B13 from question B12):
- **B15** Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):
- **B16** Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:
- B17 Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):
- B18 Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:

CDS-B Page 4

2

- **B19** Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:
- B20 Total transfers to two-year institutions:
- **B21** Total transfers to four-year institutions:

2008 Cohort

- B12 Initial 2008 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:
- B13 Of the initial 2008 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:
- B14 Final 2008 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions (Subtract question B13 from question B12):
- 0

- B15 Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):
- B16 Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:
- B17 Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):
- B18 Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:
- B19 Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:
- B20 Total transfers to two-year institutions:
- **B21** Total transfers to four-year institutions:

Retention Rates

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2011 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

B22 For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered your institution as freshmen in Fall 2011 (or the preceding summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your institution calculates its official enrollment in Fall 2012?

78%

CDS-B Page 5

C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

	C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION	
	Applications	
C1	First-time, first-year, (freshmen) students: Provide the number of degree-seeking, first-ting year students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in Fall 2012. In early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer in this cohe Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements for consider admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been notified of of following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application with (by applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students who	ort. eration for ne of the thdrawn
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied	542
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	1266
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted	341
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted	915
C1	Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	85
C1	Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	0
C1	Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	215
C1	Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	1

C2 Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission requirements but whose final admission was contingent on space availability)

		163	INO	
C2	Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list?		X	
C2	If yes, please answer the questions below for Fall 2012 admissions:			
C2	Number of qualified applicants offered a placed on waiting list			
C2	Number accepting a place on the waiting list			
C2	Number of wait-listed students admitted			
C2	Is your waiting list ranked?			
C2	If yes, do you release that information to students?			
C2	Do you release that information to school counselors?			

Admission Requirements

- C3 High school completion requirement
- C3 High school diploma is required and GED is accepted x
- C3 High school diploma is required and GED is not
- C3 High school diploma or equivalent is not required
- C4 Does your institution require or recommend a general college-preparatory program for degreeseeking students?
- C4 Require
- C4 Recommend
- C4 Neither require nor recommend
- Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

C5		Units	Units	
		Required	Recommended	
C5	Total academic units	12	6	
C5	English	4		
C5	Mathematics	3		
C5	Science	3		
C5	Of these, units that must be	2		
	lab	2		
C5	Foreign language		4	
C5	Social studies		2	
C5	History	2		
C5	Academic electives			
C5	Computer Science			
C5	Visual/Performing Arts			

Х

CDS-C Page 6

C5 Other (specify)

Algebra I and II and geometry specifically required.

Basis for Selection

- C6 Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check which applies:
- C6 Open admission policy as described above for all students
- C6 Open admission policy as described above for most students, but--
- C6 selective admission for out-of-state students
- C6 selective admission to some programs
- C6 other (explain)

Official secondary school transcript and standardized test scores are most important.

Recommendations, involvement, and character/personal qualities are also important.

C7 Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in first-time, first-year, degree-seeking (freshman) admission decisions.

C7		Very Important	Important	Considered	Not Considered
C7	Academic				
C7	Rigor of secondary school		x		
	record		^		
C7	Class rank			X	
C7	Academic GPA	X			
C7	Standardized test scores	X			
C7	Application Essay		Х		
C7	Recommendation(s)	X			
C7	Nonacademic				
C7	Interview			X	
C7	Extracurricular activities			X	
C7	Talent/ability			Х	
C7	Character/personal qualities		Х		
C7	First generation				X
C7	Alumni/ae relation			Х	
C7	Geographical residence				X
C7	State residency				Х
C7	Religious			х	
	affiliation/commitment			^	
C7	Racial/ethnic status				Х
C7	Volunteer work			Х	
C7	Work experience			Х	
C7	Level of applicant's interest			Х	

SAT and ACT Policies

C8 Entrance exams

Yes No

C8A Does your institution make use of SAT, ACT, or SAT Subject Test scores in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants?

C8A If yes, place check marks in the appropriate boxes below to reflect your institution's policies for use in admission for Fall 2014.

C8A				ADMISSION		
C8A		Require	Recommend	Require for Some	Consider if Submitted	Not Used
C8A	SAT or ACT	X				
C8A	ACT only					
C8A	SAT only					
C8A	SAT and SAT Subject Tests or ACT					
CSA	SAT Subject Tests only				X	

- **C8B** If your institution will make use of the ACT in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants for Fall 2014, please indicate which ONE of the following applies: (regardless of whether the writing score will be used in the admissions process):
- C8B ACT with Writing Component required
- C8B ACT with Writing component recommended

CDS-C Page 7

C8B	ACT with or without Writing component accepted	X		
C8C	Please indicate how your institution will use the SAT or ACT writ	ing component; check all t	nat apply:	
C8C		SAT essay	ACT essay	
C8C	For admission			
C8C	For placement			
C8C	For advising			
C8C	In place of an application essay			
C8C	As a validity check on the application essay			
C8C	No college policy as of now	Х	X	
C8C	Not using essay component	Х	Х	
C8D	In addition, does your institution use applicants' test scores for a	cademic advising?		
C8D	Yes No			
	X			
C8E	Latest date by which SAT or ACT scores must be received for fall	I- August 1, 2019		
C8E	Latest date by which SAT Subject Test scores must be received fall-term admission	for		

C8F If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests are recommended for some students, C8F Test scores (Dantes, AP, CLEP) are not used for placement but upon review may be accepted for credit.

C8G Please indicate which tests your institution uses for placement (e.g., state tests):

COD ACT with an without \A/riting as a management assented

C8G SAT

C8G ACT

C8G SAT Subject Tests

C8G AP

C8G CLEP

C8G Institutional Exam

C8G State Exam (specify):

Freshman Profile

Provide percentages for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2012, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2012 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not critical reading for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. Do not convert SAT scores to ACT scores and vice versa. The 25th percentile is the score that 25 percent scored at or below; the 75th percentile score is the one that 25 percent scored at or above.

C9	Percent submitting SAT scores	84% Number submitting SAT scores			
C9	Percent submitting ACT scores	41%	Number submitting ACT se	cores	
C9		25th Percentile	75th Percentile		
C9	SAT Critical Reading	460	570		
C9	SAT Math	470	570		
	SAT Writing	468	570		
	SAT Essay				
C9	ACT Composite	19	26		
C9	ACT Math				
C9	ACT English				
C9	ACT Writing				
C9	Percent of first-time first-year (fre	shman) students v	vith scores in each range:		

CDS-C Page 8

		CAT Cuitinal			
C9		SAT Critical Reading	SAT Math	SAT Writing	
C9	700-800	3%	2%	SAT Writing 1%	
C9	600-699	13%	19%	14%	
C9	500-599	41%	41%	45%	
C9	400-499	37%	33%	37%	
C9	300-399	5%	5%	3%	
C9	200-299	J /0	370	370	
Ca	Totals should = 100%	99%	100%	100%	
C9	Totals Siloulu – 10076	ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math	_
C9	30-36	4%	14%	4%	
C9	24-29	41%	30%	38%	_
C9	18-23	47%	47%	45%	
C9	12-17	7%	9%	13%	
C9	6-11	7 70	370	1370	
C9	Below 6				
Ca	Totals should = 100%	99%	100%	100%	
C40	Percent of all degree-seeking, firs				
Ciu	within each of the following ranges school rank information).	,	,	•	
	Percent in top tenth of high schoo				
	Percent in top quarter of high scho				
	Percent in top half of high school	, ,		Top half +	
	Percent in bottom half of high sch			bottom half = 100%	
	Percent in bottom quarter of high				
C10	Percent of total first-time, first-yea class rank:	r (freshmen) studen	ts who submitted h	igh school	
	Percentage of all enrolled, degree grade-point averages within each those students from whom you co	of the following rand llected high school	ges (using 4.0 scale		
C11	Percent who had GPA of 3.75 and	l higher	26%		
	Percent who had GPA between 3.		23%		
C11	Percent who had GPA between 3.	25 and 3.49	18%		
C11	Percent who had GPA between 3.	00 and 3.24	24%		
C11	Percent who had GPA between 2.	50 and 2.99	9%		
	Percent who had GPA between 2.				
	Percent who had GPA between 1.	0 and 1.99			
C11	Percent who had GPA below 1.0				
	Totals should = 100%		100%		
C12	Average high school GPA of all de (freshman) students who submitte		time, first-year		
C12	Percent of total first-time, first-yea submitted high school GPA:	r (freshman) studen	ts who		
	Admission Policies				
	Application Fee				
C13		Yes	No		
C13	Does your institution have an application fee?	х			
C13	Amount of application fee:	\$50.00			
C13		Yes	No		
C13	Can it be waived for applicants with financial need?	х			
	If you have an application fee and Same fee:	an on-line applicati	on option,		
	Free:	Х			
C13	Reduced:				
C13		Yes	No		
- 10		. 55			

CDS-C Page 9

C13 Can on-line application fee be waived for applicants with financial need? C14 Application closing date Yes C14 No C14 Does your institution have an Х application closing date? C14 Application closing date (fall): 12/1 C14 Priority date: C15 Yes No C15 Are first-time, first-year students accepted for terms other than Yes No C16 Notification to applicants of admission decision sent (fill in one only) C16 On a rolling basis beginning (date): C16 By (date): 12/15 C16 Other: C17 Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in one only) C17 Must reply by (date): C17 No set date: х C17 Must reply by May 1 or within weeks if notified thereafter C17 Other: C17 Deadline for housing deposit (MM/DD): 6/30 C17 Amount of housing deposit: \$300 C17 Refundable if student does not enroll? Yes, in full C17 C17 Yes, in part C17 No Х C18 Deferred admission No C18 Yes C18 Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after х admission? C18 If yes, maximum period of postponement: C19 Early admission of high school students Yes No C19 Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before high x school graduation? **C20** Common Application Question removed from CDS. (Initiated during 2006-2007 cycle) **Early Decision and Early Action Plans** C21 Early Decision Yes No C21 C21 Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission

decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks

students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year

(freshman) applicants for fall enrollment? C21 If "yes," please complete the following: C21 First or only early decision plan closing date C21 First or only early decision plan notification date C21 Other early decision plan closing date C21 Other early decision plan notification date

> CDS-C Page 10

х

- C21 For the Fall 2012 entering class:
 C21 Number of early decision applications received by your institution
 C21 Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan
 C21 Please provide significant details about your early decision plan:

C22	Early action			
C22			Yes	No
C22	Do you have a nonbinding early action protified of an admission decision well in notification date but do not have to com	advance of the regular	x	
C22	If "yes," please complete the following:			
C22	Early action closing date		12/1	
C22	Early action notification date		12/15	
C22	Is your early action plan a "restrictive" p	an under which you limit stude	nts from applying to	other early plans?
C22	Yes	No		
C22		Х		

CDS-C Page 11

D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

	Fall Applicants						
D1	December 19, 19		0 (15	Yes	No		
D1	Does your institution enroll please skip to Section E)		·	X			
D1	If yes, may transfer student credit by transferring credits completed at other colleges	earned from cou		х			
D2	Provide the number of stude students in Fall 2012.	ents who applied,	were admitted	l, and enrolled as	s degree-seeking	transfer	
D2		Applicants	Admitted Applicants	Enrolled Applicants			
D2	Men		7 7 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	т фризания			
D2	Women						
D2	Total	397	359	213			
	Application for Admis						
D3	Indicate terms for which tra	•					
D3	Fall	X					
D3	Winter						
D3	Spring	X					
D3	Summer						
D4				V	N-		
D4 D4	Must a transfer applicant ha	we a minimum n	imber of	Yes	No		
D4	Must a transfer applicant hat credits completed or else m freshman?			х			
D4	If yes, what is the minimum of measure?	number of credits	s and the unit	24			
D5	Indicate all items required of	f transfer student	s to apply for a	dmission:			
D5		Required of All	Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	Not Required	
D5	High school transcript	Х					
D5	College transcript(s)	X					
D5	Essay or personal statement	x					
D5	Interview					Х	
D5	Standardized test scores					Х	
D5	Statement of good standing from prior institution(s)	X					
D6	If a minimum high school gr of transfer applicants, speci						
D7	If a minimum college grade transfer applicants, specify		required of	2.3			
D8	List any other application re	quirements speci	fic to transfer a	applicants:			
D9	List application priority, clos are reviewed on a continuo						
D9		Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission	
D9	Fall	12/1				Х	
D9	Winter						
D9	Spring						
D9	Summer						
				Yes	No		
D10					NIO		

CDS-D Page 12

D10 Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to Х transfer students? D11 Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable: Character reference, letter of recommendation required **Transfer Credit Policies** D12 Report the lowest grade earned for any course that may be transferred for credit: D13 Number Unit Type D13 Maximum number of credits or courses that may be 70 transferred from a two-year institution: D14 Number Unit Type D14 Maximum number of credits or courses that may be 96 transferred from a four-year institution: D15 Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn an associate degree: 24 D16 Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree: 32 D17 Describe other transfer credit policies: AP, CLEP, and Dantes exams (maximum of 30 units) are accepted toward bachelor's degree. For students entering from a California community college, both the CSU and

CDS-D Page 13

E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

E1	Special study options: Identify those programs available at your institution. Refer	to the glossary	
	for definitions.		
E1	Accelerated program	Х	
E1	Cooperative education program		
E1	Cross-registration Cross-registration		
E1	Distance learning	Х	
E1	Double major	Х	
E1	Dual enrollment		
E1	English as a Second Language (ESL)		
E1	Exchange student program (domestic)	Х	
E1	External degree program		
E1	Honors Program	Х	
E1	Independent study	Х	
E1	Internships	Х	
E1	Liberal arts/career combination		
E1	Student-designed major	Х	
E1	Study abroad	X	
E1	Teacher certification program	X	
E1	Weekend college		
E1	Other (specify):		
E2	This question has been removed from the Common Data Set.		
E3	Areas in which all or most students are required to complete some course		
	work prior to graduation:		
E3	Arts/fine arts	Х	
E3	Computer literacy		
E3	English (including composition)	Х	
E3	Foreign languages	Х	
E3	History	Х	
E3	Humanities	Х	
E3	Mathematics	Х	
E3	Philosophy	Х	
E3	Sciences (biological or physical)	Х	
E3	Social science	Х	
E3	Other (describe):		

Library Collections: The CDS Publishers will collect library data again when a new Academic Libraries Survey is in place.

CDS-E Page 14

F. STUDENT LIFE

F1				
	Percentages of first-time, first-year	(freshman) degre	e-seeking students an	d degree-seeking
	undergraduates enrolled in Fall 20			
F1	~		First-time, first-year	
гі			(freshman)	Undergraduates
			students	
F1	Percent who are from out of state	(exclude		
	international/nonresident aliens fro	m the numerator		
	and denominator)		15%	11%
F1	Percent of men who join fraternitie	•	1070	1170
F1	Percent of women who join sororit			
F1	Percent who live in college-owned	, -operated, or -		
	affiliated housing		88%	48%
F1	Percent who live off campus or cor	mmute	12%	52%
F1	Percent of students age 25 and old	der		14%
F1	Average age of full-time students		18	22
F1	Average age of all students (full- a	nd part-time)	18	22
	3 3			
F2	Activities offered Identify those p	rograms available	at your institution.	
F2	Campus Ministries	X	•	
F2	Choral groups	X		
F2		X		
F2	Dance	^		
		v		
	Drama/theater	Х		
F2	International Student	Х		
	Organization			
F2	Jazz band	Х		
F2	Literary magazine	X		
F2	Marching band			
F2	Model UN			
F2	Music ensembles	Х		
F2	Musical theater	X		
	Opera			
F2	Pep band	Х		
F2	•	^		
	Student government	X		
	Student newspaper	Х		
F2	Student-run film society			
F2	Symphony orchestra			
F2	Television station			
F2	Yearbook	X		
	rearbook			
E2		ation with Bosonia	Officeral Training Corr	20)
F3	ROTC (program offered in coopera	ation with Reserve		
F3		ation with Reserve	At Cooperating	Name of Cooperating
F3	ROTC (program offered in coopera			
F3	ROTC (program offered in coopera		At Cooperating	Name of Cooperating
F3 F3	ROTC (program offered in coopera Army ROTC is offered: Naval ROTC is offered:		At Cooperating	Name of Cooperating
F3	ROTC (program offered in coopera		At Cooperating	Name of Cooperating
F3 F3 F3	ROTC (program offered in cooperation of the coopera	On Campus	At Cooperating Institution	Name of Cooperating Institution
F3 F3	ROTC (program offered in cooperation of the coopera	On Campus	At Cooperating Institution	Name of Cooperating Institution
F3 F3 F3 F4	ROTC (program offered in cooperation of the coopera	On Campus	At Cooperating Institution	Name of Cooperating Institution
F3 F3 F3 F4 F4	ROTC (program offered in cooperation of the coopera	On Campus	At Cooperating Institution	Name of Cooperating Institution
F3 F3 F3 F4 F4	ROTC (program offered in cooperation of the coopera	On Campus	At Cooperating Institution	Name of Cooperating Institution
F3 F3 F3 F4 F4	ROTC (program offered in cooperation of the coopera	On Campus	At Cooperating Institution	Name of Cooperating Institution
F3 F3 F3 F4 F4 F4 F4	ROTC (program offered in cooperation of the coopera	On Campus	At Cooperating Institution	Name of Cooperating Institution
F3 F3 F3 F4 F4 F4 F4	ROTC (program offered in cooperation of the coopera	On Campus	At Cooperating Institution	Name of Cooperating Institution
F3 F3 F3 F4 F4 F4 F4	Army ROTC is offered: Naval ROTC is offered: Air Force ROTC is offered: Housing: Check all types of collegundergraduates at your institution. Coed dorms Men's dorms Women's dorms Apartments for married students	On Campus	At Cooperating Institution	Name of Cooperating Institution
F3 F3 F3 F4 F4 F4 F4 F4	Army ROTC is offered: Naval ROTC is offered: Air Force ROTC is offered: Housing: Check all types of collegundergraduates at your institution. Coed dorms Men's dorms Women's dorms Apartments for married students Apartments for single students	On Campus ge-owned, -operate x	At Cooperating Institution	Name of Cooperating Institution
F3 F3 F3 F4 F4 F4 F4 F4	ROTC (program offered in cooperation of the coopera	On Campus	At Cooperating Institution	Name of Cooperating Institution
F3 F3 F3 F4 F4 F4 F4 F4 F4	Army ROTC is offered: Naval ROTC is offered: Air Force ROTC is offered: Housing: Check all types of collegundergraduates at your institution. Coed dorms Men's dorms Women's dorms Apartments for married students Special housing for disabled students	On Campus ge-owned, -operate x	At Cooperating Institution	Name of Cooperating Institution
F3 F3 F3 F4 F4 F4 F4 F4	ROTC (program offered in cooperation of the coopera	On Campus ge-owned, -operate x	At Cooperating Institution	Name of Cooperating Institution
F3 F3 F3 F4 F4 F4 F4 F4 F4	ROTC (program offered in cooperation of the coopera	On Campus ge-owned, -operate x	At Cooperating Institution	Name of Cooperating Institution
F3 F3 F3 F4 F4 F4 F4 F4 F4 F4	ROTC (program offered in cooperation of the coopera	On Campus ge-owned, -operate x	At Cooperating Institution	Name of Cooperating Institution
F3 F3 F3 F4 F4 F4 F4 F4 F4 F4	ROTC (program offered in cooperation of the coopera	On Campus ge-owned, -operate x	At Cooperating Institution	Name of Cooperating Institution
F3 F3 F3 F4 F4 F4 F4 F4 F4 F4 F4	ROTC (program offered in cooperation of the coopera	On Campus ge-owned, -operate x	At Cooperating Institution	Name of Cooperating Institution
F3 F3 F3 F4	ROTC (program offered in cooperation of the coopera	On Campus ge-owned, -operate x	At Cooperating Institution	Name of Cooperating Institution
F3 F3 F3 F4 F4 F4 F4 F4 F4 F4 F4	ROTC (program offered in cooperation of the coopera	On Campus ge-owned, -operate x	At Cooperating Institution	Name of Cooperating Institution

CDS-F Page 15

Undergraduates

\$27 000

G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

G0 Please provide the URL of your institution's net price calculator: www.cui.edu/studentlife/financial-aid/undergraduate/index.aspx?id=21911

G1 PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS

Provide 2013-2014 academic year costs of attendance for the following categories that are applicable to your institution.

Check here if your institution's 2013-2014 academic year costs of attendance are not available at this time and provide an approximate date (i.e., month/day) when your institution's final 2013-2014 academic year costs of attendance will be available:

G1 Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, room and board List the typical tuition, required fees, and room and board for a full-time undergraduate student for the FULL 2013-2014 academic year (30 semester or 45 quarter hours for institutions that derive annual tuition by multiplying credit hour cost by number of credits). A full academic year refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters, two trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-four plan. Room and board is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan. Required fees include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are not included in tuition (e.g., registration, health, or activity fees.) Do not include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).

First-Year

¢27 000

	Tuition:	\$27,900	\$27,900	
G1	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS			
	Tuition:			
	In-district			
G1	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS			
	In-state (out-of-district):			
G1	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS			
٥.	Out-of-state:			
G1	NONRESIDENT ALIENS			
Gi	Tuition:			
	TUILION.			
04	DECLUDED FEEC.	\$600	\$600	
G1	REQUIRED FEES:	\$600	φουυ	
04	DOOM AND DOADD.			
G1	ROOM AND BOARD:	#0.760	#0.760	
04	(on-campus)	\$8,760	\$8,760	
GT	ROOM ONLY:			
04	(on-campus)			
G1	BOARD ONLY:			
	(on-campus meal plan)			
04	0	l <i>f /:f</i>		
G1	Comprehensive tuition and room and	` •		
	college cannot provide separate tuitio	n and room and		
	board fees):			
	,			
G1	Other:			
G1	,			
	,		Minimum	Maximum
G2	Other:	ann talea fan tha	Minimum	Maximum
G2	Other: Number of credits per term a student	can take for the	Minimum	Maximum
G2	Other:	can take for the	Minimum	Maximum
G2 G2	Other: Number of credits per term a student	can take for the		
G2 G2	Other: Number of credits per term a student stated full-time tuition		Minimum	Maximum No
G2 G2	Other: Number of credits per term a student stated full-time tuition Do tuition and fees vary by year of stu			
G2 G2	Other: Number of credits per term a student stated full-time tuition			No
G2 G2 G3 G3	Other: Number of credits per term a student stated full-time tuition Do tuition and fees vary by year of stu		Yes	No x
G2 G2 G3 G3	Other: Number of credits per term a student stated full-time tuition Do tuition and fees vary by year of stujunior, senior)?	idy (e.g., sophomore,		No
G2 G2 G3 G3	Other: Number of credits per term a student stated full-time tuition Do tuition and fees vary by year of stujunior, senior)? Do tuition and fees vary by undergrad	idy (e.g., sophomore,	Yes	No x
G2 G2 G3 G3	Other: Number of credits per term a student stated full-time tuition Do tuition and fees vary by year of stujunior, senior)?	idy (e.g., sophomore,	Yes	No x
G2 G2 G3 G3	Other: Number of credits per term a student stated full-time tuition Do tuition and fees vary by year of stujunior, senior)? Do tuition and fees vary by undergrad	idy (e.g., sophomore,	Yes	No x
G2 G2 G3 G3 G4 G4	Other: Number of credits per term a student stated full-time tuition Do tuition and fees vary by year of stujunior, senior)? Do tuition and fees vary by undergrad	idy (e.g., sophomore,	Yes	No x
G2 G2 G3 G3 G4 G4	Other: Number of credits per term a student stated full-time tuition Do tuition and fees vary by year of stujunior, senior)? Do tuition and fees vary by undergrad program?	idy (e.g., sophomore, uate instructional	Yes	No x
G2 G2 G3 G3 G4 G4	Other: Number of credits per term a student stated full-time tuition Do tuition and fees vary by year of stujunior, senior)? Do tuition and fees vary by undergrad program? If yes, what percentage of full-time un	udy (e.g., sophomore, uate instructional dergraduates pay	Yes	No x
G2 G2 G3 G3 G4 G4	Other: Number of credits per term a student stated full-time tuition Do tuition and fees vary by year of stujunior, senior)? Do tuition and fees vary by undergrad program?	udy (e.g., sophomore, uate instructional dergraduates pay	Yes	No x

CDS-G Page 16

G5 Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

G5	Residents		Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
G5	Books and supplies			
G5	Room only			
G5	Board only			
G5	Room and board total (if your			
	college cannot provide separate			
	room and board figures for			
	commuters not living at home):			
G5	Transportation			
G5	Other expenses			
G6	Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only)			
G6	PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:			
		\$870		
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS			
	In-district:			
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS			
	In-state (out-of-district):			
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS			
	Out-of-state:			
G6	NONRESIDENT ALIENS:			

CDS-G Page 17

2012-2013

2011-2012

H. FINANCIAL AID

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2011-2012 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2011-2012 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid columns. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

			estimated	final	
H1	Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for i H2, H2A, and H6 below:	tems H1,			
Н3	Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution us	e in awardin	•		
H3	Federal methodology (FM)		X		
H3	Institutional methodology (IM)				
H3	Both FM and IM				
H1			Need-based \$ (Include non-need- based aid used to meet need.)	Non-need- based \$ (Exclude non-need- based aid used to meet need.)	
H1	Scholarships/Grants				
H1	Federal		\$1,974,144	\$0	
H1	State (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institut located)		\$2,519,417	\$0	
H1	Institutional: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition grants, awarded by the college, excluding athletic aid and tu				
	waivers (which are reported below).		\$7,809,245	\$2,572,139.01	
H1	Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, N Merit) not awarded by the college	ational	\$4,000	\$0	
H1	Total Scholarships/Grants		\$12,306,806	\$2,572,139.01	
H1	Self-Help				
H1	Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)		\$4,158,039	\$6,783,846	
H1	Federal Work-Study		\$95,600		
H1	State and other (e.g., institutional) work-study/employment	(Note:			
	Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.)		\$0	\$0	
H1	Total Self-Help		\$4,253,639	\$6,783,846	
H1	Other		•	40 704 700	
H1	Parent Loans		\$0	\$3,721,599	
H1	Tuition Waivers Reporting is optional. Report tuition waivers in this row if you choose to rep not report tuition waivers elsewhere.	ort them. Do	\$286,886	\$176,326	
H1	Athletic Awards		\$2,289,402	\$1,508,086	
	. Wilder Cities and		ΨΞ,200,402	ψ1,000,000	
H2	Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid: List the num full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded need-based but that was used to meet need should be reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be	I financial aid counted as r In the charte counted as	I from any source need-based aid. <u>N</u> t below, students m full-time undergrad	Aid that is non- umbers should nay be counted duates.	
H2	F	First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergraduate (Incl. Fresh.)	Less Than Full-time Undergraduate	
H2	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2012 cohort)	300	1559	168	
H2	 b) Number of students in line a who applied for need-based financial aid 	278	1296	99	

H2	c)	Number of students in line b who were determined to have financial need	226	1102	86
H2	d)	Number of students in line c who were awarded any financial aid	226	1097	70
H2	e)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid	225	1014	28
H2	f)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based self-help aid	175	851	62
H2	g)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any non- need-based scholarship or grant aid	27	94	0
H2	h)	Number of students in line d whose need was fully met (exclude PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	33	138	5
H2	i)	On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	68.34%	60.19%	35.81%
H2	j)	The average financial aid package of those in line d . Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	\$ 19,084.52	\$ 17,606.35	\$ 6,388.23
H2	k)	Average need-based scholarship and grant award of those in line \boldsymbol{e}	\$ 15,415.43	\$ 14,254.64	\$ 4,928.18
H2	I)	Average need-based self-help award (<u>excluding PLUS</u> <u>loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans</u>) of those in line f	\$ 3,583.49	\$ 4,638.18	\$ 4,883.85
H2	m)	Average need-based loan (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of those in line f who were awarded a need-based loan	\$ 3,413.85	\$ 4,541.85	\$ 4,883.85

H2A Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

H2A	First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh.)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad	
H2A n) Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)	52	232	2	
H2A o) Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line n	\$ 7,673.08	\$ 7,577.67	\$ 2,125.00	
H2A p) Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant	21	135	1	
H2A q) Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic scholarships and grants awarded to students in				

H3 Incorporated into H1 above.

line **p**

Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4, H4a, H5, and H5a.

Include: *2012 undergraduate class who graduated between July 1, 2098 and June 30, 2012 who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2011 and June 30, 2012.

* only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.

* co-signed loans.

Exclude: * those who transferred in.

H4 Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through any loan programs (institutional, state, Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized, private loans that were certified by your institution, etc.; exclude parent loans). Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.

H4a

Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through federal loan programs—Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and parent loans.

66.10%

- H5 Report the average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed of those in line H4.
- H5a Report the average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed, of those in H4a, through federal loan programs--Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. These are listed in line H4a. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and exclude parent loans.

\$ 20,946.42

Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens (Note: Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)

- H6 Indicate your institution's policy regarding institutional scholarship and grant aid for undergraduate degreeseeking nonresident aliens:
- H6 Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is available
- **H6** Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available
- H6 Institutional scholarship or grant aid is not available

Х

- H6 If institutional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens, provide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens who were awarded need-based or non-need-based aid:
- H6 Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degreeseeking nonresident aliens:
- H6 Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degreeseeking nonresident aliens:
- H7 Check off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-year financial aid applicants must submit:
- H7 Institution's own financial aid form
- H7 CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE
- H7 International Student's Financial Aid Application
- H7 International Student's Certification of Finances
- H7 Other (specify):

Process for First-Year/Freshman Students

- H8 Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit:
- H8 FAFSA

- H8 Institution's own financial aid form
- H8 CSS/Financial Aid PROFILEH8 State aid form
- **H8** Noncustodial PROFILE
- H8 Business/Farm Supplement
- H8 Other (specify):

Department scholarship forms

- H9 Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:
- **H9** Priority date for filing required financial aid forms:

3/2

х

H9 Deadline for filing required financial aid forms:

^{*} money borrowed at other institutions.

No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis): H10 Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students (answer a or b): H10 a) Students notified on or about (date): No H₁₀ Yes H10 b) Students notified on a rolling basis: 3/15 If yes, starting date: H10 H11 Indicate reply dates: H11 Students must reply by (date): 4 H11 or within _ weeks of notification. Types of Aid Available Please check off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution: H12 Loans H12 FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN) H12 Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans H12 Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans H12 Direct PLUS Loans H12 Federal Perkins Loans H12 Federal Nursing Loans H12 State Loans H12 College/university loans from institutional funds H12 Other (specify): H13 Scholarships and Grants H13 NEED-BASED: H13 Federal Pell H13 SEOG H13 State scholarships/grants H13 Private scholarships H13 College/university scholarship or grant aid from institutional funds H13 United Negro College Fund H13 Federal Nursing Scholarship H13 Other (specify): H14 Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply. H14 Non-Need Based Need-Based H14 Academics H14 Alumni affiliation **H14** Art H14 Athletics Х H14 Job skills H14 ROTC H14 Leadership H14 Minority status H14 Music/drama х H14 Religious affiliation Х H14 State/district residency H15 If your institution has recently implemented any major financial aid policy, program, or initiative to make your institution more affordable to incoming students such as replacing

loans with grants, or waiving costs for families below a certain income level please

provide details below:

I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2012. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

	Full-time	Part-time
(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post- doctoral fellows, or pre-doctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non- clinical credit courses
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non- clinical credit courses
 (c) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status 	Exclude	Include
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
(e) faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
(f) faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instructional faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as Black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian, Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration. Also includes terminal degrees formerly designated as "first professional," including dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), or law (JD).

Terminal degree: the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts).

11			Full-Time	Part-Time	Total	
11	۵)	Total number of instructional faculty	84	235	319	
	a)	Total number of instructional faculty	* .			
11	b)	Total number who are members of minority groups	9	32	41	
11	c)	Total number who are women	37	114	151	
11	d)	Total number who are men	47	121	168	
11	e)	Total number who are nonresident aliens (international)				
	f)	Total number with doctorate, or other terminal degree				
11			56	122	178	
	g)	Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal				
11		master's				
11	h)	Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's				
	:\	Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note:				
11	i)	Items f, g, h, and i must sum up to item a.)				
	:\	Total number in stand-alone graduate/ professional programs in				
11	J)	which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students				

12 Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2012 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

12 Fall 2012 Student to Faculty ratio 19 to 1 (based on 3090 students
--

CDS-I Page 22

and 162 faculty).

3 Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2012 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of class sections and class subsections offered in Fall 2012. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

13	Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled								
13	Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)								
13	CLASS	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
13	SECTIONS	91	175	145	40	9	0	0	460
13	CLASS SUB-	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
13	SECTIONS	12	27	20					59

CDS-I Page 23

J. DEGREES CONFERRED

J1 Degrees conferred between July 1, 2011 and June 30, 2012

J1 For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1st and 2nd majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2nd major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1st majors only.

J1	Category	Diploma/Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 2010 Categories to Include
J1	Agriculture				1
J1	Natural resources and conservation				3
J1	Architecture				4
	Area, ethnic, and gender studies				5
	Communication/journalism			5	
J1	5				10
J1	Computer and information sciences				11
J1	Personal and culinary services				12
J1	Education				13
J1	0 0				14
J1	Engineering technologies				15
J1	3 3 3 7 7 3				16
J1	Family and consumer sciences				19
J1	Law/legal studies				22
J1				4	
J1				14	_ ,
J1	Library science				25
J1	Biological/life sciences			4	=*
J1	Mathematics and statistics			2	
J1	Military science and military technologies				28 & 29
J1				4	
J1				5	
J1	Philosophy and religious studies				38
J1	Theology and religious vocations			1	* *
J1	•			1	
J1	•				41
J1	Psychology			5	· -
J1	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				43
	and protective services				
J1	Public administration and social services				44
J1				1	: *
J1					46
J1	1 3				47
J1					48
J1					49
J1	ı 5			9	
J1	Health professions and related programs			13	
J1				28	-
J1	•			4	54
J1	Other				
J1	TOTAL (should = 100%)	100.00%	100.00%	100.0%	

CDS-J Page 24

Common Data Set Definitions

All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.

Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska Native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.

Applicant (first-time, first year): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian or Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or Pacific Islands. This includes people from China, Japan, Korea, the Philippine Islands, American Samoa, India, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black, **non-Hispanic**: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa (except those of Hispanic origin).

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

Campus Ministry: Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.

*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative education program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctor's degree-research/scholarship: A Ph.D. or other doctor's degree that requires advanced work beyond the master's level, including the preparation and defense of a dissertation based on original research, or the planning and execution of an original project demonstrating substantial artistic or scholarly achievement. Some examples of this type of degree may include Ed.D., D.M.A., D.B.A., D.Sc., D.A., or D.M, and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-professional practice: A doctor's degree that is conferred upon completion of a program providing the knowledge and skills for the recognition, credential, or license required for professional practice. The degree is awarded after a period of study such that the total time to the degree, including both preprofessional and professional preparation, equals at least six full-time equivalent academic years. Some of these degrees were formerly classified as "first-professional" and may include: Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.); Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.); Law (L.L.B. or J.D.); Medicine (M.D.); Optometry (O.D.); Osteopathic Medicine (D.O.); Pharmacy (Pharm.D.); Podiatry (D.P.M., Pod.D., D.P.); or, Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.), and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-other: A doctor's degree that does not meet the definition of a doctor's degree - research/scholarship or a doctor's degree - professional practice.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college in the United States without extending the amount of time required for a degree. See also Study abroad.

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, **first-year** (**freshman**) **student**: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

Hispanic: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

International student group: Student groups that facilitate cultural dialogue, support a diverse campus, assist international students in acclimation and creating a social network.

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of generally one or two full-time equivalent academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree. Some of these degrees, such as those in Theology (M.Div., M.H.L./Rav) that were formerly classified as "first-professional", may require more than two full-time equivalent academic years of work.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

Model United Nations: A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.

Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3.600 contact hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

Room and board (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East (except those of Hispanic origin).

*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

Financial Aid Definitions

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT CHANGES TO THE CDS FOR 2012-2013

There are no structural or definitional changes to CDS for 2012-2013: other than the incremental advancement by one for year-dependent items, CDS for 2012-2013 is identical to CDS for 2011-2012.